Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity:	
GRAINCORP LIMITED	
ABN / ARBN:	Financial year ended:
60 057 186 035	30 September 2016

Our corporate governance statement² for the above period above can be found at:³

These pages of our annual report:

 \boxtimes This URL on our website:

http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investorinformation/corporate-governance

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate and up to date as at 16 November 2016 and has been approved by the board.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.

Date: 16 November 2016

rega & figt

Name of Director or Secretary authorising lodgement:

Mark Palmquist Managing Director & CEO

¹ Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of rule 4.10.3.

² "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

³ Mark whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where the entity's corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "<u>OR</u>" at the end of the selection.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4		
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT					
1.1	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management. 	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		
1.2	 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director. 	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		

⁴ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Corpo	rate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
1.5	 A listed entity should: (a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them; (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and (c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either: (1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. 	the fact that we have a diversity policy that complies with paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of our diversity policy or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement; and at http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (Equity & Diversity and Preventing Harassment in the Workplace Policy) and the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with our diversity policy and our progress towards achieving them: in our Corporate Governance Statement and the information referred to in paragraphs (c)(1) or (2): in our Corporate Governance Statement 	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.6	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 	 the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement and the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement 	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
1.7	 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process. 	 the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a): in our Corporate Governance Statement; and at pages 25 to 40 of the Director's Report (Annual Report) and the information referred to in paragraph (b): in our Corporate Governance Statement; and at pages 25 to 40 of the Director's Report (Annual Report) 	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed ⁴		
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO ADD VALUE					
2.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively. 	 [If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a nomination committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance</u> (People Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and Director's Report page 13 (Annual Report) 	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	our board skills matrix:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable 		
 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director. 		the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement		

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCI	PLE 3 – ACT ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
3.1	 A listed entity should: (a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) disclose that code or a summary of it. 	our code of conduct or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement; and at <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (</u> Charter and Code of Conduct)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpor	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4				
PRINCI	PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING						
4.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner. 	 [If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have an audit committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (Board Audit Committee Charter and External Auditor Independence Policy) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement; and ☑ in the Director's report page 13 (Annual Report) 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement				
4.2 The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.		the fact that we follow this recommendation:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement				

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
4.3	A listed entity that has an AGM should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold an annual general meeting and this recommendation is therefore not applicable
PRINCI	PLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
5.1	 A listed entity should: (a) have a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	our continuous disclosure compliance policy or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement and at http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (Continuous Disclosure and Financial Markets Communication Policy)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	information about us and our governance on our website: at http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/index.htm and http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/index.htm and http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/index.htm and http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.2	A listed entity should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	the fact that we follow this recommendation: in our Corporate Governance Statement and at <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (</u> Continuous Disclosure and Financial Markets Communication Policy)	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	our policies and processes for facilitating and encouraging participation at meetings of security holders:	 an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement <u>OR</u> we are an externally managed entity that does not hold periodic meetings of security holders and this recommendation is therefore not applicable

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
6.4	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	the fact that we follow this recommendation:	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
PRINCI	PLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK		
7.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework. 	 [If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a committee or committees to oversee risk that comply with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (Business Risk Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and ☑ at Director's Report page 13 (Annual Report) 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	 The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place. 	 the fact that board or a committee of the board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound: in our Corporate Governance Statement and that such a review has taken place in the reporting period covered by this Appendix 4G: in our Corporate Governance Statement 	an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4
7.3	 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes. 	 [If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] how our internal audit function is structured and what role it performs: in our Corporate Governance Statement 	□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.		□ an explanation why that is so in our Corporate Governance Statement

Corpora	ate Governance Council recommendation	We have followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed	We have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. We have disclosed \dots^4	
PRINCI	PLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	 The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive. 	 [If the entity complies with paragraph (a):] the fact that we have a remuneration committee that complies with paragraphs (1) and (2): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and a copy of the charter of the committee: ☑ at http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance (People Remuneration & Nominations Committee Charter) and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5): ☑ in our Corporate Governance Statement and ☑ at Director's Report page 13 (Annual Report) 		
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	 separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives: On pages 25 to 40 of the Director's Report (Annual Report) 		
8.3	 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it. 	 our policy on this issue or a summary of it: in our Corporate Governance Statement and in <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance</u> (Share Trading Policy) 		



Introduction

GrainCorp Limited's ('GrainCorp' or 'the Company') Corporate Governance Statement outlines the governance framework the Board has adopted for all entities in the GrainCorp Group.

GrainCorp remains committed to ensuring that its systems, procedures and practices reflect a high standard of corporate governance. The Board believes that its governance framework provides clear guidance on how authority is exercised and promotes a culture of compliance, ethical behaviour, integrity and respect to protect shareholder and other stakeholder interests.

Annual Overview

For the year ended 30 September 2016, GrainCorp considers that its governance structure complies with the third edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations ('Recommendations').

Copies of GrainCorp's Constitution, Charters and related governance materials are available on GrainCorp's website at www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-media/investor-information/corporate-governance

The following sections provide details of GrainCorp's compliance with the adopted governance framework and its practices in accordance with the Recommendations.

Principle 1: Lay solid foundations for management and oversight

a) Primary objective of the Board

To build long term shareholder value with due regard to other stakeholder interests. The Board provides governance and strategic guidance for GrainCorp and effective oversight of management. The governance structure determines how GrainCorp sets and monitors its profit and growth targets, while appropriately managing risk, and considering the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders.

b) Board Charter

To define its role the Board has formalised its authority, responsibilities and processes in a Board Charter. The Charter includes the Board's role in strategy and planning, budgeting, financial reporting, employee and remuneration policies, risk management, governance, safety, health and environment ('SHE') audit, compliance and performance monitoring. The Charter is consistent with GrainCorp's Constitution.

Under GrainCorp's Constitution, and as detailed in its Charter, the Board may delegate any of its powers to Committees of the Board. The standing Committees established by the Board are detailed on page 5.

c) Delegation to Managing Director & CEO ("CEO")

During the reporting period, the Board delegated authority for the day-to-day management of GrainCorp to the CEO, who manages GrainCorp according to strategies, budgets, policies and delegations approved by the Board.

The CEO has appointed a team of senior management ('Executive Team') to implement GrainCorp's strategic plans and manage the business operations. The CEO provides reports to the Board to ensure it is fully informed of all material matters.

The Board and its Committees monitor the decisions and actions of the CEO and the performance of the business as a whole.

d) Board composition, selection and appointment of new directors

It is the Board's policy to achieve a balance of relevant industry, technical and functional skills, experience, and diversity amongst its Directors. The People Remuneration and Nominations Committee ('PRNC') has the responsibility to review and make recommendations to the Board regarding composition and the nomination process for appointments. It regularly reviews the size, skills matrix and composition of the Board to assess the need for any new appointments or changes.

As well as skills, experience and diversity, the PRNC considers factors such as personal qualities, ability and commitment to devote sufficient time, the contribution the prospective Director could make to the Board, and his or her professional reputation. Background checks are also performed prior to any recommendations being made to the Board. Following this, the PRNC assesses potential candidates and makes recommendations to the Board for final determination by shareholders. Through the Notice of Meeting, which is distributed to shareholders prior to the Annual General Meeting ('AGM'), the Board aims to provide shareholders with all material information disclosed to the Board and relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.



All Directors and Executives are appointed subject to a written agreement with GrainCorp setting out the terms and conditions of their appointment.

e) The role of the Company Secretary

The appointment or removal of the Company Secretary is a decision made by the Board. The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board and works closely with the Chairman to manage the distribution of information between the Board, its Committees and the Executive Team. The Company Secretary provides advice and support to the Board and its Committees on governance-related matters, and is responsible for organising and managing the induction of all new and existing directors. All directors have a right of access to information and advice, which is facilitated through the Company Secretary and the Chair of each Committee. The Company Secretary's qualifications and experience are set out in the Directors' Report on page 12 of the 2016 Annual Report.

f) Evaluation of performance of the Board

The Board reviews its performance and that of each Director on an annual basis either by self-evaluation or by independent review. The review covers matters such as:

- The Board's contribution to developing strategy and policy.
- The Board's performance relative to its responsibilities.
- The interaction between Board members and between the Board and Executives.
- The Board's oversight of the business and Executive performance, controls and compliance.
- The operation of the Board including the conduct and content of Board meetings.
- The performance of each Board Committee against the responsibilities of its respective Charter.
- The individual contribution of each Director.

Each Committee reviews its performance annually through discussion and stakeholder feedback. The Chair of the PRNC reviews the performance of the Chairman of the Board in consultation with other Directors.

In addition, the performance of a Non-executive Director is assessed when nominating for election or re-election at an AGM. In the particular Director's absence, the Board, following recommendations from the PRNC, assesses whether to endorse the Director's election or re-election to shareholders.

During 2016, the PRNC evaluated the Board performance review cycle and concluded that an external review will now be conducted every three years, rather than two. This change is in-line with market practice, and during every other year the Board will conduct an internal performance appraisal.

g) Evaluation of performance of the Executive Team

The CEO is responsible for monitoring the performance of each member of the Executive Team. The CEO is also responsible for ensuring there is an effective succession planning process for each Executive Team member.

During the reporting year the Executive Team comprised the individuals listed on page 10 of the 2016 Annual Report. The Executive Team meets regularly to review performance and strategic issues, and to build alignment across the business. Each Executive has a written position description, employment contract and annual Key Performance Indicators ('KPIs').

The CEO reviews the performance of the Executive Team individually and collectively against their agreed KPIs, the Company's leadership framework and GrainCorp's values. The Board and its Committees review the performance of the Executive Team through reporting of formal mid-year and end-of-year performance appraisals. Performance reviews of the Executive Team were conducted by the CEO for the year ended 30 September 2016.

The PRNC and the Board formally review the performance of the CEO against agreed KPIs.

h) Board and Committee Meetings

The Board and its Committees meet regularly throughout the year according to an annual schedule of meetings, and at other times as required. Details of the number of meetings held and the attendance record of each Director are on page 13 of the Directors' Report in the 2016 Annual Report.

i) Diversity

GrainCorp's diversity objective is to value and respect the different perspectives and experiences of its people recognising that these diverse viewpoints and ideas bring to GrainCorp significant business benefits and opportunities. GrainCorp believes that treating our people with respect and fostering an environment where our people feel that their unique value is recognised is critical to long term business performance.



GrainCorp continues its commitment to:

- Building a workforce which reflects the diversity of the customers we serve and the communities in which we
 operate;
- Identifying and developing current and future leaders who are representative of the supply of diverse talent across our international operations;
- Promoting and maintaining a workplace culture that is consistent with our values; and
- Supporting and promoting a more flexible work environment that appropriately balances the needs of our people with the needs of our business.

In 2016, GrainCorp's Executive Leadership team and the newly formed Diversity & Inclusion Committee approved GrainCorp's refreshed diversity and inclusion strategy. The strategy aims to build upon the foundation of awareness, knowledge and energy that already exists in the business. GrainCorp's revised strategic aim is to leverage diversity of thought to drive innovation and better business results. This will require GrainCorp to foster an even more inclusive culture. An implementation plan and measurable objectives were also agreed to support GrainCorp's ability to execute the revised strategy.

Further information about GrainCorp's FY17 Diversity & Inclusion objectives is outlined in the 2016 Sustainability Report, available on the Company's website.

Gender diversity

Gender diversity has been a key focus of GrainCorp's diversity strategy since 2009. The number and percentage of women employed in permanent roles across GrainCorp over the past 3 years were:

	20	16	20	15	20	14
Groups	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Board of Directors	2	25%	2	25%	2	25%
Executive Team	0	0%	1	10%	1	17%
GrainCorp Leadership Group	10	12%	10	12%	11	13%
People Leaders	96	21%	90	21%	107	20%
Total GrainCorp workforce	842	27%	772	25%	617	22%

GrainCorp is deemed to be a 'relevant employer' under the *Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012*, and has received notification that it is compliant with the provisions of the Act for the 2015-16 reporting period.

From 2016 onwards, in addition to continuing to work towards a gender balance in leadership and gender diversity within the workforce generally, GrainCorp's areas of focus will be expanded to include diversity of cultural background, life stage, sexual orientation and physical and mental ability.

Further information

Further information on GrainCorp's FY16 Diversity & Inclusion performance is documented in the 2016 Sustainability Report, available on the Company's website.

Principle 2: Structure the Board to add value

a) Structure of the Board

GrainCorp's Constitution has certain requirements concerning Board size, meetings, and election, powers and duties of Directors. Collectively the Board aims to achieve a broad range and balance of skills, experience and expertise to effectively oversee GrainCorp's operations. The Company's Constitution stipulates a minimum of four and a maximum of ten Directors.

At the beginning of the financial year, the Board comprised eight Non-executive Directors and one Executive Director, being the Managing Director & CEO. At the AGM on 18 December 2015, Mr Don Taylor and Mr Donald McGauchie were re-elected as Non-executive Directors, and Mr Peter Richards was elected as a Non-executive Director following his appointment to fill a casual vacancy. Mr David Trebeck retired from his position as a Non-executive Director.

The Chairman of the Board remains an independent Non-executive Director. The skills, experience and responsibilities of each Director are on pages 8 to 9 of the 2016 Annual Report.



Director	Appointed	Last Elected at an AGM	Independence
Don Taylor	1 October 2003	18 December 2015	Independent
Rebecca Dee-Bradbury	29 September 2014	18 December 2014	Independent
Barbara Gibson	3 March 2011	18 December 2014	Independent
Peter Housden	17 October 2008	25 February 2014	Independent
Donald McGauchie	23 December 2009	18 December 2015	Independent
Daniel Mangelsdorf	17 February 2005	18 December 2014	Independent
Peter Richards	9 November 2015	18 December 2015	Independent
David Trebeck ¹	27 February 2002	20 December 2012	Independent
Simon Tregoning	2 December 2008	25 February 2014	Independent
Mark Palmquist	1 October 2014	Not Applicable	Not Independent

Details of the period of office held by each Director and the year of their last election are as follows:

b) Board independence

All of GrainCorp's Non-executive Directors are deemed independent. The Board Charter details the criteria used to assess whether a Director has a relationship with GrainCorp, which could, or could be perceived to, impede independent decision making.

All Directors are required to notify the Chairman and Company Secretary of their interests and other appointments as well as any changes to these.

For the year ended 30 September 2016, the PRNC reviewed Non-executive Director independence. The PRNC considered all of the circumstances relevant to each Non-executive Director in determining whether the Director is free from any interest or other business or relationship which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with each Director's ability to act in GrainCorp's best interests and exercise unfettered and independent judgement.

During the reporting year, a number of Directors, through their association with other entities, entered into transactions with GrainCorp in the ordinary course of its business. These transactions were neither material nor impacted upon the independence of those Directors, as they were conducted on ordinary 'arms-length' commercial terms, being no more or less favourable than other users of GrainCorp's services. Details of transactions with Directors are shown in Note 33 of the 2016 Annual Report.

c) Conflicts of interest

Each Director has a responsibility to determine whether he or she has a potential or actual conflict of interest in relation to any material matter which comes before the Board. The Company maintains a Register of Directors' Interests which is regularly updated.

The Board Charter details the obligations of Directors in dealing with any conflicts of interest. In such situations, the conflicted Director will not receive relevant Board papers and, unless the non-conflicted Directors resolve to the contrary, will not be present for Board deliberations on the matter and will not vote on any related Board resolutions. The same procedures apply in the event of any conflict which may arise relating to any matter to be considered by any Board Committee.

GrainCorp's Code of Conduct provides guidelines for dealing with conflicts of interest, particularly for Executives and other employees.

d) Access to information and independent advice

Directors may access information and seek independent professional advice which they individually or collectively consider necessary to fulfil their responsibilities and permit independent, well informed judgement in decision making.

¹ David Trebeck served as a Non-executive Director during the financial year and retired his position at the AGM on 18 December 2015.



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Any request for access to information or independent advice sought will be consented to by the Chairman, and such consent will not be unreasonably withheld or delayed, and all such information and advice will be shared with all other Directors unless precluded by any conflict situation, and will be at GrainCorp's expense.

e) Tenure and election at Annual General Meetings

Non-executive Directors must retire from office and may seek re-election by shareholders at the third AGM after their election if they seek to continue in their role. The Constitution requires that there be an election of Directors at every AGM. If no Director is to retire from office in accordance with their tenure, the Director to retire will be the individual who has held office for the longest period since last elected or re-elected. GrainCorp's Constitution does not impose a maximum term of service on its Directors.

The Chairman is appointed by his or her fellow Directors with the term of office determined by the remaining members of the Board. The Chairman remains subject to the same re-election rules as apply to the other Non-executive Directors.

f) Board Committees

The Board has the ability to delegate any of its powers to Board Committees. The standing Committees are as follows:

- Board Audit Committee ('BAC')
- Business Risk Committee ('BRC')
- Safety Health Environment and Governance Committee ('SHEGC')
- People Remuneration and Nominations Committee ('PRNC')

Each Committee is comprised of a majority of Non-executive Directors.

The composition of each Committee is regularly reviewed by the Chairman of the Board and annually by the PRNC. Membership of each Committee is determined by each Director's skills and experience, their ability to add value and to commit the necessary time to the Committee.

Each Committee operates under a Charter detailing its responsibilities and has unrestricted access to GrainCorp's Executives, advisors and other employees as well as to information necessary for the discharge of its responsibilities.

All Directors are entitled to attend meetings of any Committee and the CEO attends all meetings as appropriate, but does not attend any meetings where his performance, any conflicts, appointment or remuneration are considered.

Proceedings of each Committee meeting are reported by the respective Committee Chairman at the first Board meeting following the Committee meeting.

Details of the Directors' attendance at Committee meetings during the year are contained in the Directors' Report on page 13 of the 2016 Annual Report.

g) People Remuneration and Nominations Committee

The PRNC is the `nominations committee' for the Board and is also responsible for assisting the Board in the oversight and evaluation of GrainCorp's people strategy and remuneration framework (detailed at Principle 8 of this Governance Statement). The full responsibilities of the PRNC are detailed in its Charter.

The current members of the PRNC are Rebecca Dee-Bradbury (Chair), Donald McGauchie, Don Taylor and Simon Tregoning. The CEO and Group General Manager Human Resources attend all meetings of the PRNC by invitation. The PRNC operates independently of the Executive and seeks its own advice, as considered necessary, to assist in its decision making processes.

During the reporting year the PRNC focused on:

- Reviewing Graincorp's remuneration strategy to ensure alignment between organisational performance and shareholder expectations;
- Approval of remuneration programs and performance targets for members of the Executive Team, including the monitoring of performance against those targets; and
- Review and oversight of GrainCorp's talent management and succession processes.



h) Board Skills, Experience and Attributes

GrainCorp seeks to maintain a Board of Directors who possess the right balance of skills, knowledge and experience to oversee the business and add value to the Company. The Board recognises that having a diversity of attributes, skills, and experience represented amongst its Directors is critical to maintain effective and robust decision-making processes.

The Board and PRNC regularly review the performance of Directors against the skills and experience needed to deliver the Company's strategy and initiatives.

The following matrix sets out the skills and expertise across the Board and Committees:

Skills and Experience

Financial and Risk Management

Senior leadership experience in financial accounting, corporate finance, tax, trading and operational risk and internal controls

Safety, Health and Environment

Experience related to managing safety, health and environment programs

Fast Moving Consumer Goods ('FMCG') and Manufacturing

Experience in the FMCG or manufacturing industries

Agribusiness / Supply Chain

Experience in the agricultural industry or supply chain management

Mergers and Acquisitions

Experience in merger and acquisition activities and business integration strategies

Non-executive Director and Governance

Prior experience as a Non-executive Director with strong governance acumen

International Operations

Experience managing or leading global operations, especially in fields relating to GrainCorp's business

i) Director Induction, Training and Ongoing Development

All new Directors of GrainCorp undertake a company induction program which is tailored to their individual needs. Typically, GrainCorp's induction program involves meetings with Executives and employees, briefings on GrainCorp's business and strategic plans, independent meetings with external and internal auditors and other advisors, discussions with the Chairman and other Directors, and the provision of relevant corporate material and information. New Directors are encouraged to visit GrainCorp's assets as soon as practicable to gain a thorough appreciation of the Group's asset profile, business drivers and risk factors. In his first year on the Board, Mr Peter Richards toured a number of GrainCorp locations, including malt operations in Victoria and country silos in Southern New South Wales.

At least once a year the Board as a whole undertakes site visits with the purpose of enhancing each individual Director's knowledge about the business and its operating environment. These visits focus on, but are not limited to, capital projects and business process improvements, market dynamics and industry developments, safety, health and environment aspects and the competitive landscape. Additionally, Directors are encouraged to undertake individual actions which can include management briefings, continuous education through third party providers, membership affiliations and networking.

During the financial year, Directors (individually or collectively) participated in the following non-exhaustive list of activities:

- Site inspections and staff engagement across Storage and Logistics country silos in Southern New South Wales including Wyalong, Ardlethan, Junee and Temora Subs, Barellan and Grong Grong.
- Inspections of the new Project Regeneration site, Calleen.



- Site inspections at domestic malt manufacturing facilities in Geelong and Burnley, Victoria.
- Staff engagement at Barrett Burston Malting Head Office in Richmond, Melbourne.
- Customer relationship engagements and plant tours in China, Myanmar and Japan.

Principle 3: Act ethically and responsibly

a) Responsibilities of the Board, Executives and other employees

GrainCorp has adopted a Code of Conduct ('Code') which provides a set of guiding principles for acting honestly and with integrity and fairness at all times. The Company's values, outlined in the Code, provide a common understanding of expected behaviours of Directors and employees.

The Company's Code and values together form the Company's Charter, which is available on the Company's website.

b) Dealing in GrainCorp securities

GrainCorp's Share Trading Policy prohibits dealing in GrainCorp's securities by all Directors, Executives and other employees, or their associates, when in possession of unpublished price sensitive information concerning the Company.

The Policy prohibits 'Designated Officers' (as defined in the Policy) from dealing in GrainCorp's securities at all times other than during specific 'Trading Window' periods. A Designated Officer may only deal in a Trading Window when not in possession of price sensitive information.

The Policy outlines the requirements and process for Designated Officers to seek approval before they, or their associates, deal in the Company's securities.

The Policy also prohibits Designated Officers and their associates from providing GrainCorp securities as security in connection with any margin loan or similar financing arrangement without prior approval.

Further, it is a condition of any grant to employees of any performance rights or deferred shares that no schemes are entered into that protect the value of such performance rights or shares before they vest. Any breach of this condition constitutes a breach of the terms of the grant and may result in the forfeiture of the performance rights.

A copy of the Share Trading Policy is lodged with the ASX and is available on the Company's website.

c) Whistleblower protection

A principle underlying GrainCorp's Code is the requirement for any person at GrainCorp to immediately report, in good faith, any known or suspected breaches of the Code, other GrainCorp policies or the law.

GrainCorp's Whistleblower Policy provides a mechanism whereby such breaches may be reported on a confidential basis without fear of reprisal, dismissal or discriminatory treatment.

Reports may be made under this Policy to specified 'Whistleblower Disclosure Officers' or to an independently managed 'whistleblower hotline' available in all the countries in which the Company has operations to all employees as well as to external parties.

The SHEG Committee has oversight of all whistleblower notifications. A copy of the Whistleblower Policy is available on the Company's website.

Principle 4: Safeguard integrity in financial reporting

a) Board Audit Committee

The BAC was constituted by the Board of GrainCorp to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in relation to financial reporting and internal controls. The BAC reviews GrainCorp's financial reporting processes, systems of internal control and management of financial risks as well as the process, coverage, performance and independence of the internal and external audit functions. The responsibilities of the BAC are detailed in its Charter.

The current members of the BAC are Peter Housden (Chairman), Rebecca Dee-Bradbury, Daniel Mangelsdorf and Peter Richards, all of whom are independent Non-executive Directors of GrainCorp. Each member has the technical expertise to enable the BAC to discharge effectively its responsibilities. Details of the BAC members' qualifications, experience and attendance are set out on pages 8 to 9 of the 2016 Annual Report.



The CEO, Group CFO and Company Secretary, as well as representatives from GrainCorp's external and internal audit teams, attend all meetings of the BAC by invitation. The BAC regularly meets with the external auditors and advisors without the presence of Executives or other management.

b) External audit

PricewaterhouseCoopers ('PwC') has been GrainCorp's external auditor since 1998 and is responsible for reviewing and auditing the half year and full year financial statements and reports to provide an independent opinion that these statements and reports are true and fair and comply with applicable accounting standards and regulations.

PwC attends all meetings of the BAC by invitation and regularly meets with the BAC independently of management to raise and discuss matters that have arisen during the course of its reviews and audits. Representatives of PwC also attend GrainCorp's AGM to answer any shareholder questions on the conduct of the audit, the preparation of the audit opinion and any other related matters. A representative from PwC has attended all AGMs since 1998.

GrainCorp's Board has adopted an External Auditor Independence Policy ('Independence Policy') to govern the independence of the external auditor. The Independence Policy places restrictions on the range of non-audit services PwC can provide to GrainCorp and contains a requirement that the lead audit partner be rotated after five years, unless that appointment is extended by agreement under transition provisions.

The Independence Policy also details the type of non-audit services or assignments that PwC cannot undertake. In addition, any non-audit services or assignments that are not prohibited, with estimated fees in excess of \$100,000, must be approved by the BAC before that service or assignment commences. The Group CFO has been authorised to approve such services and assignments with fees estimated to be less than \$100,000.

No work will be awarded to PwC if the BAC or the Group CFO, as applicable, believe such work would give rise to a 'self-review' threat (as defined in APES110-Code of Conduct for Professional Accountants) or would create a conflict, or potential conflict, of interest for PwC or otherwise compromise PwC's independence.

Details of the amounts paid to PwC during the year, including for any non-audit services provided, are disclosed in Note 7 to the Financial Statements of the 2016 Annual Report.

PwC has provided GrainCorp with the required full year certification of independence which is on page 41 of the 2016 Annual Report.

GrainCorp's current Audit Engagement Partner is Matthew Lunn, who commenced his role for the year ended 30 September 2012. Mr. Lunn will step down as Audit Engagement Partner at the next Annual General Meeting following the conclusion of his five year term.

A copy of the Independence Policy, which forms part of the BAC Charter, is available on the Company's website.

c) Management assurance to Directors

The CEO and the Group CFO have provided a declaration to the Board in relation to the production of GrainCorp's full year financial statements and reports, as required by Section 295A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Supporting this declaration are certifications of assurance provided by other senior managers, including senior finance managers within GrainCorp. These certifications comprise representations and responses to questions concerning GrainCorp's financial results, disclosure processes and controls and other matters related to GrainCorp's external reporting obligations.

The effective control environment established by the Board, and reviewed by internal audit as part of its annual review program supports this declaration. Associated companies and joint ventures that are not controlled by GrainCorp are not covered by this declaration. Further, the declaration provides a reasonable, but not absolute, level of assurance of GrainCorp's risk management, internal compliance and control systems, but does not imply a guarantee against any adverse events or more volatile conditions and outcomes that may occur in the future.

Principle 5: Make timely and balanced disclosure

a) Commitment to disclosure

GrainCorp seeks to provide shareholders and other interested parties with quality information in a timely way through the reporting of financial results, the provision of the Annual Report as well as other announcements and briefings to the market.



GrainCorp is committed to:

- Ensuring that its shareholders and other stakeholders are provided with timely and balanced disclosure of all material matters concerning GrainCorp.
- Complying with its continuous disclosure obligations as required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, ASX Listing Rules and the Recommendations.
- Ensuring that all stakeholders have equal and timely access to externally available information issued by GrainCorp.

b) Continuous Disclosure and Financial Markets Communication Policy ('Communication Policy')

GrainCorp's Communication Policy supports the commitment to a fully informed market in its securities by ensuring that announcements are:

- Made to the market (via the ASX Announcement Platform) in a timely manner, are factual and contain all relevant material information.
- Expressed in a clear and objective manner that allows investment community stakeholders to assess the impact of the information when making investment decisions.

GrainCorp's Company Secretary is responsible for monitoring compliance with the continuous disclosure obligations and for overseeing and coordinating disclosures to the ASX and other interested parties. GrainCorp's Investor Relations Manager is responsible for the release of all communications with shareholders.

Principle 6: Respect the rights of shareholders

a) Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

GrainCorp is committed to ensuring its shareholders are provided with timely disclosure of all material matters concerning the Company.

GrainCorp encourages its shareholders to attend its AGM, where shareholders receive presentations on GrainCorp's performance and outlook and can raise any questions concerning the management of GrainCorp, the conduct of the annual audit, as well as questions on resolutions put to the AGM.

The Notice convening the AGM is accompanied by explanatory notes regarding the resolutions to be put to the AGM. A copy of the Notice with the explanatory notes is lodged with the ASX and posted on GrainCorp's website.

Shareholders who are unable to attend the AGM in person may vote by appointing a proxy using the form provided with the notice, via an online facility or directly through the same online facility.

The results of voting on all resolutions at the AGM are reported to the ASX and posted to GrainCorp's website as soon as possible after the meeting.

Shareholders are also invited to submit questions in advance of the AGM, so that GrainCorp can ensure issues are suitably considered and addressed.

GrainCorp's External Audit Engagement Partner attends the AGM and is available to answer questions on the conduct of the annual audit of GrainCorp's financial reports and statements, and may also answer any written questions shareholders have submitted prior to the meeting.

b) Access to Company Information

The Corporate Governance section on the Company's website contains access to all relevant corporate governance information regarding the Board, Executive Team and Committees, Charters and Company policies. This section is located at http://www.graincorp.com.au/about-graincorp/company/corporate-governance.

The Board and Executives section on the Company's website provides profiles on the Non-executive Directors and the Executive Team. This section is located at http://www.graincorp.com.au/about-graincorp/index.htm.

c) Investor Relations Program

The Company's investor relations program is designed to promote understanding amongst shareholders and other stakeholders of the Group's businesses, governance framework, financial and operational performance, and outlook. The investor relations team is responsible for gauging and understanding shareholder feedback, and receiving comments and questions at investment briefings and strategy days.

Throughout the financial year, the investor relations team interacts with institutional investors, private investors, analysts, proxy advisers and the financial media. Investor days take place on a regular basis and roadshows are held following the release of the Half Year results and End of Year results which the investor relations team, the



CEO, the Chairman and some of the Non-executive Directors attend. Feedback from shareholders is regularly reported to the Board.

The Investor section on the company's website can be found at <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/investors-and-</u> <u>media/investor-information/index.htm</u>. This section provides an overview of the business, share price information, analyst coverage, corporate governance and dates for upcoming investor presentations and events.

d) Electronic Communications

Shareholders have the ability to elect to receive communications and other shareholding information electronically. GrainCorp's share registry is managed by Link Market Services, who can be contacted at: <u>www.linkmarketservices.com.au</u>, gnc@linkmarketservices.com.au, or 1300 883 034. Shareholders can contact GrainCorp electronically by sending an email to <u>companysecretary@graincorp.com.au</u>, <u>enquiries@graincorp.com.au</u> or visiting the website <u>www.graincorp.com.au</u>.

Principle 7: Recognise and manage risk

a) Risks

GrainCorp is one of Australia's largest agribusinesses and a global food ingredients business, with a significant presence in the storage and logistics of grain and non-grain commodities, the marketing of grain domestically and internationally, the production and marketing of edible oil products, storage of oils, petroleum and chemical products; as well as the production of malt, flour and related consumer end-products. Risk is therefore inherent in GrainCorp's daily operations and the ability to achieve its goals depends heavily on how effectively risk is managed.

GrainCorp's risk management objective is to ensure all material risks are identified and, where practical and economically viable, measures are implemented to mitigate or otherwise manage the impact those risks may have on GrainCorp's activities.

b) Risk management framework

GrainCorp's risk framework consists of the Risk Management Policy and Guidelines ('Policy'), which is largely consistent with the Australian/New Zealand and International Standard on Risk Management: AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009, and applies to all entities within GrainCorp. It:

- Provides a systematic approach to risk management aligned to GrainCorp's strategic objectives.
- Defines the processes by which GrainCorp determines its risk appetite and manages risk.
- Articulates the roles and accountabilities for the oversight, governance and management of risk within GrainCorp.

c) Risk management responsibilities and actions

i. Board of Directors

GrainCorp's Board is responsible for determining the risk profile, appetite and strategies and for monitoring the integrity of internal controls and other resources, processes and systems to manage and mitigate risks.

The Board has delegated direct oversight of risk management, other than financial risk management and SHE risk management, to the BRC.

The Board has delegated to the Executive Team the responsibility for establishing GrainCorp's risk framework and for implementing the internal controls and other systems and processes to manage risk.

ii. Business Risk Committee ('BRC')

Subject to the overriding responsibilities of the Board, the BRC oversees all aspects of risk within GrainCorp except for financial risks, which remain the responsibility of the BAC, and SHE risks, which are the responsibility of the SHEGC.

The BRC's objectives are to review, monitor and report on:

- Strategic and operational risks which include, but are not limited to, business trading, ethical, and relevant regulatory risks.
- Compliance with applicable laws and regulations as well as GrainCorp's internal policies and procedures.

The full responsibilities of the BRC are detailed in its Charter.



The members of the BRC are Daniel Mangelsdorf (Chairman), Don Taylor, Barbara Gibson, and Ottmar Weiss (Independent Advisor). The CEO, business unit Group General Managers, Group CFO and Company Secretary attend all meetings of the BRC by invitation. Other Executives, senior managers and employees attend meetings as required.

To discharge its responsibilities the BRC receives regular reports from the Executive Team:

- That identify and evaluate the significant risks that may affect the achievement of GrainCorp's strategies and operations, including credit and compliance risks.
- On material business risks and progress against risk management plans and key performance indicators.
- On grain, malt, oil and other commodity trading strategies, and as required approve new trading business activities and control measures.
- Concerning credit, treasury, liquidity, foreign exchange, derivative, country and sovereign risks of the Marketing, Malt and Oils business units, and assesses their alignment to the company's risk appetite.
- On any related non-compliance, including with the Position and Trading Risk Management Policy.

During the year the BRC:

- Had oversight of the Continual review and update of the Corporate Risk Register, Statement of Risk Appetite, and Risk Management Plans produced by the business.
- Reviewed amendments to the Position and Trading Risk Management Policy to accommodate business growth and expansion.
- Reviewed commodity marketing and trading strategies, including assessment of new customers and markets.
- Assessed customer credit reviews and setting of credit and trade limits.

iii. Safety, Health Environment & Governance Committee ('SHEGC')

The SHEGC has specific oversight of the Group's safety, health, environment and corporate governance responsibilities, as delegated by the Board.

The SHEGC's objectives are to review, monitor and report to the Board on the following matters:

- Safety, health and environment risks, including systems of audit, policies, processes and controls.
- Compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, including continuous disclosure obligations, share trading and other corporate governance responsibilities.

The full responsibilities of the SHEGC are detailed in its Charter.

The current members of the SHEGC are Barbara Gibson (Chairman), Simon Tregoning and Peter Richards. The CEO, Group CFO, Group General Counsel, Company Secretary and Group SHE Director attend all meetings of the SHEGC by invitation. Other Executives, senior managers and employees attend meetings as required.

During the year the SHEGC:

- Reviewed the content and development of GrainCorp's 2016 Sustainability Report.
- Reviewed safety performance reports, which include information on employee and contractor injuries and actions taken to reduce the risks of injury.
- Reviewed and approved policy and procedure updates, such as the Continuous Disclosure and Financial Markets Communication Policy.
- Reviewed the Anti Bribery and Corruption framework, its associated policies, and rollout phase across GrainCorp.
- Reviewed internal governance reports, including whistleblower notifications, continuous disclosure obligations, Director's material interests and compliance registers.
- Reviewed data breach notification obligations and compliance requirements for a register of Persons of Signficant Control for GrainCorp UK companies.

iv. Management and other employees

GrainCorp's CEO, supported by the Executive Team, has been delegated the responsibility for implementing the risk framework across GrainCorp, to ensure all risks identified as unacceptable are managed or mitigated, or otherwise dealt with.

Each business and function within GrainCorp is responsible for conducting risk assessments of its operations as well as developing, maintaining and reviewing relevant risk registers and risk management plans.

The Executive Team regularly monitors GrainCorp's risks and reviews the effectiveness of treatment strategies. Corporate strategic and business unit plans are reviewed at least annually, which enables the Executive Team



to assess whether GrainCorp's risk profile has changed or any new risks emerged or existing risks increased, decreased or disappeared.

d) Material Risk Exposures - Economic, Environmental and Social Sustainability

The Board recognises that adopting sustainable business operations and sound environmental management practices are important to the long-term performance and growth of GrainCorp.

i. Economic Sustainability Risk

Like all businesses, GrainCorp has an exposure to economic sustainability risk. The Company operates along the entire supply chain and across multiple industries, from accumulation and storage of grain, transport and logistics, to manufacturing and distribution of products to customers and end consumers. GrainCorp is exposed to a variety of financial, operational, market and regulatory risks and is therefore continuously reviewing and managing these to ensure its operations are sustainable over the longer term. A non-exhaustive list of economic risks to which the Company is exposed is listed on pages 21 to 22 of the Directors' Report in the 2016 Annual Report.

GrainCorp's corporate strategy reflects its mission to be "*An international leader in food ingredients and agribusiness, creating value by connecting consumers and producers".* This strategy has a five year time horizon and is reviewed and updated annually by the management team and the Board. An integral aspect of GrainCorp's strategy has been to reduce the influence of cyclical weather conditions, especially the impacts of drought. Over the past seven years the Company has successfully managed this exposure, having diversified its operations into downstream value adding businesses in Australia and overseas. Through this diversification, GrainCorp has broadened its earnings base and reduced the economic impact that drought can have on its profitability.

GrainCorp's strategic planning process aims to enhance the business through understanding and responding to its competitive environment, local and global macroeconomic conditions, customer and consumer preferences as well as its own ability to manage change.

ii. Environmental Sustainability Risk

GrainCorp has an exposure to environmental sustainability risk. The availability of cost effective energy, water and other resources is fundamental to the Company.

GrainCorp uses water and energy in its manufacturing operations and produces a moderate amount of waste to landfill. The Company strives to reduce its impact on the environment and increase the efficiency of its water and energy use. The Company has described a number of environmental process improvements in its 2016 Sustainability Report, see: <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/about-graincorp/company/corporate-governance</u>. These projects are part of a continuous improvement program, as increasing water and energy efficiency and reducing waste to landfill are both environmentally sustainable and economically beneficial to the Company.

The Company is a registered reporter of energy use and greenhouse gas emissions under the *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act*. Sites within the Australian Oils business, Allied Mills and Barrett Burston Malting that trigger thresholds under the National Pollutant Inventory are also subject to annual reporting. Information relating to GrainCorp's compliance with the *National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act* can be found on the Clean Energy Regulator's website.

iii. Social Sustainability Risk

GrainCorp does not have a material exposure to social sustainability risk. The Company has long established and sound relationships with the communities and customers with whom it engages. For 100 years, GrainCorp has been at the forefront of agricultural supply chain solutions for Australian growers. Over that time the Company has been meeting the needs of its farming partners. Similarly, GrainCorp has developed long term customer and supplier relationships that are built on trust, transparency and quality service.

GrainCorp contributes tangibly to rural and regional communities across the world through the GrainCorp Community Fund. The Company donates money to select community organisations following an evaluation process. Details of GrainCorp's Community Fund contributions in 2016 can be found in the 2016 Sustainability Report, see: <u>http://www.graincorp.com.au/about-graincorp/company/corporate-governance</u>.

In addition to maintaining strong customer, supplier and other stakeholder relationships, GrainCorp is committed to developing its people, building an inclusive workforce and ensuring the Company and its people uphold the highest moral, ethical and social values. GrainCorp has a governance framework, through its Code of Conduct, that ensures its staff understand the values the Company aspires to, and expects of everyone in the workplace.



e) Internal Audit

The Board has appointed the audit firm, KPMG, to manage GrainCorp's internal audit function ('Internal Audit').

The role of Internal Audit in relation to financial reporting is to provide the Board, through the BAC, with an effective and independent appraisal of GrainCorp's internal control framework and an assurance that material risks and compliance obligations are effectively managed.

Internal Audit operates under a Charter and an annual audit program approved by the BAC. Internal Audit reports to the BAC and has a direct line of communication to the Group CFO.

The annual Internal Audit work program is developed in consultation with the BAC and the Executive Team after considering GrainCorp's risk profile and appetite.

Representatives of Internal Audit attend all meetings of the BAC and provide regular reports of progress against the annual program and detail any issues that have arisen.

Principle 8: Remunerate fairly and responsibly

a) People Remuneration and Nominations Committee

The PRNC assists the Board to consider people and remuneration strategies and related issues within GrainCorp, in addition to its 'nominations' responsibilities.

The role of the PRNC is to ensure that GrainCorp:

- Has coherent and transparent remuneration policies and practices that are consistent with the Company's strategic goals and people objectives, enabling it to attract, motivate and retain employees at all levels.
- Fairly and responsibly remunerates Executives and other employees having regard to the performance of the Company, the performance of the Executive or employee and the general remuneration environment.

The responsibilities of the PRNC are detailed in its Charter.

Information concerning the members of the PRNC is detailed at Principle 2 section (g) above.

b) Non-executive Director remuneration

The remuneration of Non-executive Directors is by way of a fee and is paid according to the role of the Director on the Board and the Board Committees on which they serve.

Non-executive Directors do not participate in other remuneration components, such as performance related short term or long term incentives that are available to GrainCorp's Executives and other employees.

c) Remuneration Report

Details of GrainCorp's remuneration policies and practices and information relating to the remuneration of its Key Management Personnel ('KMP') (including the Non–executive Directors) are disclosed in the Remuneration Report starting on page 25 of the Directors' Report in the 2016 Annual Report.

Conclusion and summary of compliance with the recommendations

The Board is satisfied with GrainCorp's level of compliance with the Recommendations, but recognises that governance processes require continual monitoring and refinement. The Board, primarily through its SHEGC, regularly reviews GrainCorp's corporate governance framework to ensure it remains effective, compliant with changing requirements and relevant to GrainCorp's increasingly international business.

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 16 November 2016, and was approved by the Board on 16 November 2016.